### NAME

flog - speed up a process

### SYNOPSIS

flog  $[-\ln]$  [-am] [-u] process-id

# DESCRIPTION

Flog is used to stimulate an improvement in the performance of a process that has already been scheduled for execution by spool(1) or wp(1) commands. The process-id is the process number that is to be disiplined. The value n of the l keyletter argument is the flagellation constant, i.e. the number of lashes to be administered per minute. If this argument is omitted, the default is 17, which is the most random random number. The value m of the a keyletter argument is the number of times the inducement to speed up is to be administered. If this argument is ommitted, the default is one, which is based on the possibility that after that the process will rectify its behavior of its own volition. The presence of the u keyletter argument indicates that flog is to be unmerciful in its actions. This nullifies the effects of the other keyletter arguments. It is recommended that this option be used only on extremely stubborn processes, as its over-use may have detrimental effects.

#### FILES

Flog will read the file */have/mercy* for any entry containing the process-id of the process being speeded-up. The file can contain whatever supplications are deemed necessary, but, of course, these will be totally ignored if the **u** keyletter argument is supplied.

#### SEE ALSO

On Improving Process Performance by the Administration of Corrective Stimulation, CACM, vol. 4, 1657, pp. 356-654.

can(1), last(1), wp(1), spool(1), ops(1), backlog(1)

## DIAGNOSTICS

If a named process does not exist, *flog* replies "flog you" on standard output. If *flog* kill(2)s the process, which usually happens when the u keyletter argument is supplied, it writes "rip," followed by the process-id of the deceased, on standard output.

# BUGS

Spurious supplications for mercy by the process being flogged sometimes wind up on the standard output, rather that in /shut/up.

WARNING — using flog more than once on any given job may cause the job to never be processed at all. The use of flog should be kept to a minimum!

If a job is *flogged* there is no way to "un-flog" it. Perhaps there is a need for an "apoligize" command?

NOTE:

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