NAME

mkpt - make proto

SYNOPSIS

mkpt primer name

DESCRIPTION

mkpt produces a proto file in the output file, "name", based on a starting or primer file, "primer". The resulting proto in "name" can be used with the mkfs(1M) command. The primer consists of ACSII tokens separated by new line characters. All the tokens except the last one are copied as is to the output file. They have no meaning to the *mkpt* command. See the *mkfs*(1M) command for a more detailed description of the first six tokens. The tokens and their meanings are:

<bootfile> The name of the boot file program. <file size> The number of blocks of the proto. <i-list size> The size of the i-list in blocks. < mode >The mode of the root directory of the proto. <user id> The user id of the root directory of the proto. <group id> The group id of the root directory of the proto. <starting directories> One or more directories from which the proto will be made. These are the only strings that have any meaning to mkpt. All the other strings are copied as is to the output file.

The mkpt command will ignore directory names beginning with a ".". A typical primer file is:

```
/usr/sys/mboot
4872
55
d--755
0
1
/bin
/usr/bin
```

SEE ALSO

mkfs(1M)