NAME

fclose, fflush - close or flush a stream

SYNOPSIS

#include <stdio.h>

int fclose (stream) FILE *stream;

int fflush (stream) FILE *stream;

DESCRIPTION

Fclose causes any buffers for the named *stream* to be emptied, and the file to be closed. Buffers allocated by the standard input/output system are freed.

Fclose is performed automatically upon calling exit(2).

Fflush causes any buffered data for the named output *stream* to be written to that file. The stream remains open.

These functions return 0 for success, and EOF if any errors were detected.

SEE ALSO

close(2), fopen(3S), setbuf(3S)